

Table of Contents

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Pages</u>
List of Tables.....	i
List of Graphs.....	ii
List of Abbreviation.....	iii
Abstract	iv
Chapter 1: Introduction	1-2
Chapter 2: Materials and methods	03
2.1 Study area and study period	03
2.2 Study design and animal selection.....	03
2.3 Data collection	03
2.4 Data analysis.....	03
Chapter 3: Results and Discussion	4-11
Chapter 4: Conclusion	12
Limitations	13
References	14-15
Acknowledgement	16
Biography	17

List of tables

<u>Table</u>	<u>Title</u>	
<u>Pages</u>		
Table 1:	Proportion of eye problem in different breeds of cat	05
Table 2:	Proportion of lameness among different breeds of cat.....	06
Table -3:	Proportion of diarrhoea/dehydration among different breeds of cat....	07
Table-4:	Proportion of wound among different breeds of cat.....	08
Table-5:	Proportion of respiratory problem among different breeds of cat.....	09
Table-6:	Proportion of external parasite among different breeds of cat.....	10
Table-7:	Percentage of different groups of drug.....	11

List of Graphs

Graphs

Title

Pages

Graph 1: Graphical presentation of Number of Disease in cat according to Age pattern ...05

List of abbreviations

Abbreviations	Elaboration
CVASU	Chittagong Veterinary and Animal Sciences University
Fig	Figure
>	Greater than
Etc	Et cetera
%	Percentage

ABSTRACT

The study was conducted to provide descriptive epidemiological condition of cat which were diagnosed at SAQTVH,CVASU in Chittagong during 1st July 2016 to 31st December 2016.The information collected from SAQTVH questionnaire based data on age, sex, breed, location, system affected, body weigh . A total 116 cases were found where local breed were 80,cross breed were 22 and parsian breed were 14.Among 116 cases the prevalence of diseases of cat were followed by Diarrhoea and dehydration (8.62%),Lameness (8.62%), Ectoparasitic infestation (8.62%),Respiratory diseases (6.02%), Ophthalmic diseases (5.17%),Gastritis (1.72%),Herpes virus infection (1.72%),Cystitis (0.86%) respectively. The highest prevalence of diseases and clinical conditions of cat were recorded in local breed (68.97%),cross breed (18.97%) and parsian breed (12.01%).Sex wise overall prevalence of clinical cases revealed higher in male cat (54.31%) than female cat (49.69%).

Key words: SAQTVH, Prevalence, Diarrhoea, Questionnaire.